

Shared moments

for double bass and tape

Håkon Thelin, 2009

In Luciano Berio's *Naturale (about Sicilian melodies)*, a work for viola, percussion and recorded voice, the performers play together with prerecorded Sicilian traditional folksong. *Naturale* sparked my imagination to write *Shared moments*, where I used a similar strategy by letting the double bass play together with a recording of the Indian tabla, as well as prerecorded bass sounds. In *Shared moments* I experiment with harmonics, multiphonics and percussive techniques, and the work is composed on the basis of an intuitive approach, in which improvisation and experimentation with the playing techniques form the basis. Two different thematic sections, one being played arco and the other pizzicato, consisting of rhythmical and timbral elements are set against each other, and the material within these is varied and developed as the piece unfolds. Towards the middle of the piece, a contrasting third part emerges, which is, interacting with the tabla, represented by an adapted Indian melody. Reminiscences of the melody appear later in the piece, this time in the tape part. The process of composing *Shared moments* was more about putting together a unique soundscape than presenting the more conventional musical narratives. The recorded sounds usually functions as an additive to the acoustical sound. They alter the original sound in varying degrees, create either gradual or overlapping transformations between sounds or change completely the auditory effect. Often one does not know whether one can distinguish between the acoustic and electroacoustic tone. The intermingling and interrelated compound of (novel) sounds can perhaps broaden our perception of the double bass, and to me it certainly underpins my quest in creating a folk music for the double bass.

Playing instructions:

Equipment and set-up:

- CD player
 - 2 small loudspeakers (with stands) of good quality
 - Small mixer
 - Cables

The loudspeakers are placed on each side, and in the height of the head, of the player. The CD is either triggered by an assistant (sound engineer) or by the player himself (on the stage). The solo double bass is not amplified (although a subtle amplification is possible if required). Anyhow, the sounds from the bass and tape should blend together, as if coming from one source.

The stopwatch must be activated so that the seconds are synchronised with the CD. The piece starts at 10 seconds, and coinciding events between the player and the tape are time-marked in the score. The player is relatively free in shaping the time between the coinciding events.

All sounds on the tape originate from the double bass, except for a tabla drum (that enters towards the middle of the piece) and a short sample of an Indian melody being played on the violin.

Explanations with examples from the score:

Left-hand flageolet pizzicato.

Left-hand open string pizzicato.

Time: 0.10

Tuning: $\text{G}^1 \text{ D}^2 \text{ A}^2 \text{ E}^3$ $\text{B}^3 \text{ F}^3 \text{ C}^4 \text{ G}^4$

Tempo: $\text{J} = \text{ca. } 60$ poco rubato

Double bass:

Arco Ric. I + II, III, Sim., cl.b. 0.20"

Arco Ric. → RV SP 0.30"

Arco Ric. 0.50"

Arco Ric. 0.50"

Arco ord. 0.50"

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Ricochet to rimbalzo verticale. Let the bow bounce from tasto to ponticello for about 8 seconds.

Ricochet on a multiphonics on the third string.

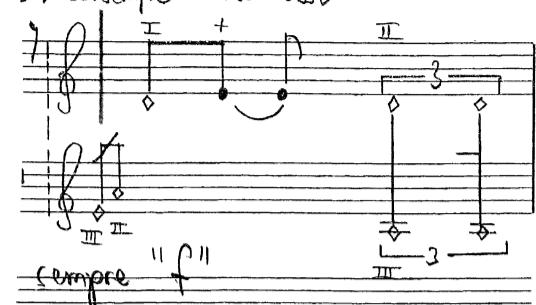
Hit the open string with the ebony of the tip of the bow.

Flageolet pizzicato

Hammer-on

0.50"

Pizz. Sempre Piu mosso



Open string pizzicato

Percussive sound. Hit with the finger on the body of the bass.

Col-legno battuto

Musical notation for three techniques. The first section shows open string pizzicato with fingerings I, II, III, IV. The second section shows a percussive sound with a note followed by a small circle. The third section shows col-legno battuto with a note followed by a vertical line with a cross. The bassoon part (cl.b.) is indicated below the bass clef.

Octave pizzicato

Place thumb on string and pluck with index or ring finger.

Musical notation for left-hand flageolet pizzicato. It includes a tempo of 1.56", dynamics p, and f, and fingerings I, II, III, IV. The instruction "Sempre ff" is at the end.

Left-hand flageolet pizzicato.

"Spazzolato". Two movements of the bow on each note.

Musical notation for "Spazzolato" with two movements of the bow on each note. It includes dynamics p, f, and ff, and fingerings I, II, III, IV. The instruction "tr." is above the notes.

"Spazzolato". Three movements of the bow on each note.

Left-hand hammer-on. Imitate the sound of the tabla drum.

Musical notation for left-hand hammer-on. It shows a hammer-on from the fourth string to the third string, indicated by a vertical line with a dot above it and a bracket labeled "mf". The bassoon part (cl.b.) is indicated below the bass clef. The instruction "sim." is at the end.

Move bow vertically on the third string, from ponticello to tasto. Scratch sound.

Time: 0.10"

0.20"

0.30¹

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Tuning: Tempo: ♩ = ca. 60 Tapes:

⑤: : tempo: ca. 80
Poco rubato

Double bass:

mf *ca. 8"* sub mf 3 5 3 0.8" sub 3 3 0.50"

Arco Ric. *tr.* *Arco Ric. → RV* *pizz. Sempre* *Più mosso*

p *mf* *ca. 8"* *f* *sempre f*

pizz. ottavato

mf *mf* *sfz > mp*

Ric. *ord.* *p* *f* *mp* *M.*

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14 stave Oblong
 Puccinino Pad 12

Measures 1-10 (approximate times):
 2.59" (pizz.)
 Arco SP (harmonic gliss.)
 3.17" ST
 Arco SP (harmonic gliss.)
 (mf) 3.34" (3.35")
 (3.37")
 (mp) (3.40")
 (Arco) 3 (II)
 II (precise)
 (all slurs are non harmonic)
 (3.43")
 (3.46")
 (4.00")
 (4.04")
 (3.55")
 Poco ST
 (4.17")
 (4.18") 3
 mf
 (harmonic gliss.)
 3.

(sitar sound) ↗
 4.29"
 SP
 tr. tr. M.
 II 3 I II 3
 II 3 II A. A.
 ff p cresc.
 3 II 3 III mf (M.)
 Arco Ric. ord. P Arco
 3 II 3 III mf (M.)
 mf p III tr.
 (♩=56) Raga melody. Improvised feeling. Play with tabla → vib.
 (♩=56) Raga melody. Improvised feeling. Play with tabla → vib.
 Table drum:
 14 stave Oblong Bassantino Pad 12

on the beat

mf

vib.

on the beat

Tabla! poco vib.

poco f

On the beat

S.V. Vib.

On the beat

S.V. Vib.

On the beat

S.V. Vib.

On the beat

Tabla! molto vib. l.v. molto

sitar fades —

7.23" Tp07 (lubato) I II Arco 3 II + Arco Ric.

(chord) I + II + III + → I + II + III + Sim. cl.b.

mf 7.39" Arco SP (harmonic gliss.) TEP 3 mp 5

7.48" Pizz sempre Più mosso

sempre "f"

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This is a handwritten musical score for a string instrument, likely a violin or cello, spanning six staves. The score includes dynamic markings such as *Arco SP*, *tr.*, *dim.*, *cresc.*, and *pp*. There are also specific performance instructions like "Sample of Indian melody plays on the tape" and "8.00" = 60 (precise) (8.22)". The music features various弓法 (bowing), including *Arco*, *tr.* (trill), and *Arco Ric.* (arco ricordate). Fingerings are indicated by numbers I, II, III, IV, and V above the notes. The score is written on standard five-line staff paper.

Arco I

mp

Arco Ric. → RV

Pizz sempre Piu masso

sample finished

sempre "f"

9.47" (Tp)

Arco

ord.

d.b.

Tfp

p

10.00"

Arco Ric → RV

Arco Ric → RV

(pizz)

