

Kjell Habbestad:

# ADD I JOHN

XOO EYO LOOMNGO

baryton voice  
and organ

dedicated to John Magnuson



Words: Revelation of St. John the Divine 21,1-6  
ελληνικα and English

Duration: 15 min

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committed by John Magnuson and Tor Grønn  
supported by Det Norske Komponistfond 1987  
first performed in the St. Magnus Cathedral Kirkwall,  
Orkneys June 22. 1987



fonts on title page: Athens 14, 18 , 24 and 72 points (plain and outline)  
and Symbol 18 and 36 points

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**And I John** (*Revelation 21,1-6*) is an introverted apocalypse containing antique as well as contemporary ingredients. The Revelation took place on the island of Patmos and its original version is written in Greek. To give a "genuine" atmosphere for an apocalyptic work the prophet's visions first are announced word by word in an introspective and mystic atmosphere, then directed to the audience and narrated in English.

The musical language is also inspired by greek antique material. In addition to the use of greek scales (cromatic and enharmonic), I have used quotations from several papyri remnants; a.o. Oslo Papyrus.<sup>1)</sup>

The zenith of the piece (the great voice out of heaven) is inspired by Samaritan (Israeli) cantillation as it is still practised in the town Holon south of Tel Aviv.<sup>2)</sup>

I discovered that the musical material and aesthetics from both the ancient Greek and the surviving Samaritan cultures corresponded surprisingly well with the expression of my own compositoric language. It therefore felt quite natural adapting this material into my own context. Especially in the case of Oslo Papyrus the use of ancient material gets a double meaning to me; the papyrus which was discovered and published in Oslo(!) in 1955 (the year of my birth) constitutes **one** among a few very rare fragments which has come down to us from Ancient Greece. In itself this papyrus is a revelation of a musical culture of which nearly nothing is left.

My utilization of the musical material is of course very free and disrespectful. Not at any point of time I have been trying to recreate a genuine antique sound or practise of interpretation. The remnants has only been serving as a catalyst for my own creativity.

In many respects the ancient material feels like being contemporary, prospective or even timeless (eternal). The fascination of these layers of time makes this material unique and most suitable in describing St. John the Divine getting a glimpse of the celestial magnificence; he at the same time looks back into the perfect and forgotten Paradise, and forward into the hope of his future and the future of all mankind.

K. Habbestad

<sup>1)</sup> (published by Amundsen and Winnington-Ingram in *Symbolae Osloenses* 1955, interpreted by Atrium Musicae de Madrid, realised and directed by Gregorio Paniagua, at the record 'Musique de la Grèce Antique' HM 1015).

<sup>2)</sup> based on own recordings from a visit to the Samaritans in January 1984 and the article 'The Reliability of oral transmission: the case of Samaritan Music' by Ruth Katz, Jerusalem (Yuval, studies of the Jewish Music Research Centre vol III).

# AND I JOHN

χαὶ εἶδον τὸν νέον οὐρανόν καὶ τὴν γῆν τὴν νέην.

1. kai eídon ûranón kainón kai gên kainên.  
ho gar prôtos uranós kai hê prótê gê apêlthan,  
kai hê thálassa ûk éstin éti.

*1. And I saw a new heaven and a new earth:  
for the first heaven and the first earth were passed away;  
and there was no more sea.*

2. kai ego Ioannês tēn pólín tēn hagían Ierúsalem kainên  
eídon katabainûsan ek tū ûranú apó tū theû,  
hêtoimasménen hôs nymsén kekosméménen tō andri autês.

*2. And I John saw the holy city, new Jerusalem,  
coming down from God out of heaven,  
prepared as a bride adorned for her husband.*

3. kai êkûsa fônês megálês ek tū thrónu legûssês:  
idû hê skênê tū theû metá tōn anthrôpôn,  
kai skênôsei met' autôn kai autoí laoí autû ésonτai,  
kai autós ho theós met' autôn éstai,

4. kai eksaleípsei pân dakryon ek tōn ofthalmôn autôn,  
kai ho thánatos ûk éstai éti, ûte penthos ûte kraugê ûte pónos  
ûk éstai éti ta prôta apêlthan.

*3. And I heard a great voice out of heaven saying,  
Behold, the tabernacle of God is with men,  
and he will dwell with them,  
and they shall be his people,  
and God himself shall be with them, and be their God.*

*4. And God shall wipe away all tears from their eyes:  
and there shall be no more death, neither sorrow, nor crying,  
neither shall there be any more pain:  
for the former things are passed away.*

5. kai eípen ho kathēmenos epi tô thróno:  
idū kainá poió pánta. kai légei: Grápson,  
hóti hûtoi hoi lógoi pistoí kai alêthinoí eisin.

5. And he that sat upon the throne said,  
Behold, I make all things new.  
And he said unto me, Write:  
for these words are true and faithful.

6. And he said unto me John: It is done.  
I am Alpha and O, the beginning and the end.  
I will give unto him that is athirst of the fountain  
of the water of life freely.

6. kai eípen moi: Gégonan.  
Egô to álfa kai to ô, hē archē kai to télos.  
Egô tô dipsônti dôsô ek tês pegês tù hydatos tês zôes dôreân.

A special thank to prof. Egil Kræggerud for his helpful assistance in  
transcribing the Greek words into Latin letters  
providing Norwegian phonemes for the achievement of an  
approximately perfect pronunciation.

γραπτον, ησαν ηντοι ηοι λογοι πιστοι και αλεπηγοι εισιν

# ΑΝΝΙ Ι ΙΩΗΝ

χαι εγο Ιωαννεσ

Karl Häberle 87



Rubato

mystically

p Kai ei don ūra non Kai non Kai gen Kai-

II Ged 8'

Org

NB  
noter

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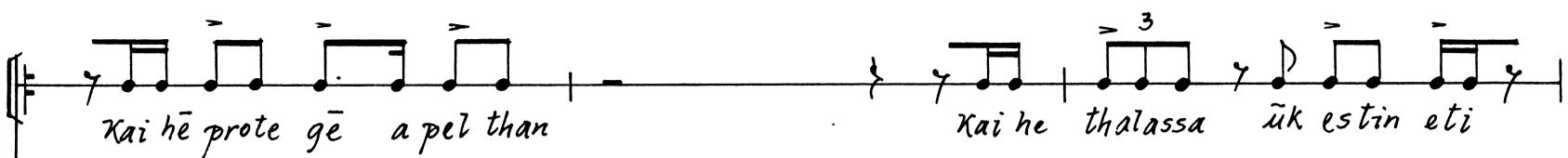
nén

mp ho gar prótos ūra nos

I R.f1 8'

Org

Sub 16' Ged 8'



Handwritten musical notation for organ and vocal parts. The vocal part includes lyrics: "Kai hē prote ge a pel than" and "Kai he thalassa ūk estin eti". The organ part shows various note heads and rests.

Handwritten musical notation for organ and vocal parts. The vocal part includes lyrics: "Kai hē prote ge a pel than" and "Kai he thalassa ūk estin eti". The organ part shows various note heads and rests.

Handwritten musical notation for organ and vocal parts. The vocal part includes lyrics: "Kai hē prote ge a pel than" and "Kai he thalassa ūk estin eti". The organ part shows various note heads and rests.

(B) Recitando

Handwritten musical notation for organ and vocal parts. The vocal part includes lyrics: "Kai hē prote ge a pel than" and "Kai he thalassa ūk estin eti". The organ part shows various note heads and rests.

Bar.

Org

+ Gamba 8' + Fl 2'  
I: + Fl 4' + Pr. 8'

This block contains two staves of handwritten musical notation for organ. The first staff starts with a dynamic of 8, followed by a sustained note with a fermata, and then a series of eighth-note chords. The second staff begins with a dynamic of 8, followed by a sustained note with a fermata, and then a series of eighth-note chords. Handwritten markings above the staves indicate stops: '+ Gamba 8'', '+ Fl 2'', '+ Pr. 8'', '+ Fl 4'', and 'I: + Fl 4''. The notation uses standard musical symbols like quarter notes, eighth notes, and sixteenth notes, along with specific organ stop markings.

Bar.

Org

+ Nasat 1 $\frac{3}{5}$  + Sed. 1'  
+ Okt 4' I: + Okt 2'

This block contains two staves of handwritten musical notation for organ. The first staff starts with a dynamic of 8, followed by a sustained note with a fermata, and then a series of eighth-note chords. The second staff begins with a dynamic of 8, followed by a sustained note with a fermata, and then a series of eighth-note chords. Handwritten markings above the staves indicate stops: '+ Nasat 1 $\frac{3}{5}$ ', '+ Sed. 1'', '+ Okt 4'', 'I: + Okt 2'', and 'I'. A large red watermark 'No Notes' is overlaid across the middle of the page.

(C)  $\text{♩} = 60$

Bar.

mp And I saw a new hea—ven

Org

II Ged 8'  
I R.fl. 8'  
I: + Fl 4'  
÷ I/Ped

This block contains three staves of handwritten musical notation for organ. The top staff shows a melodic line with a dynamic of mp. The lyrics 'And I saw a new hea—ven' are written below the staff. The second staff starts with a dynamic of 8, followed by a sustained note with a fermata, and then a series of eighth-note chords. The third staff starts with a dynamic of 8, followed by a sustained note with a fermata, and then a series of eighth-note chords. Handwritten markings above the staves indicate stops: 'II Ged 8'', 'I R.fl. 8'', 'I: + Fl 4'', and '÷ I/Ped'. The notation includes various musical symbols such as quarter notes, eighth notes, sixteenth notes, and rests, along with specific organ stop markings.

Bar. 1

*mf*

a new heaven and a new earth

Bar. 2

*II + F 4'*

Org

Bar. 4

*mp*

for the first heaven

*mf*

and the first

Org

Bar. 6

*mp*

earth were passed a way

*mf*

and there was no more

Org

1) pass-ed a

Bar.

*mp*

sea

*Cresc.*

Org

Rubato

D

Bar.

*fp*, > *mp*

Kai ego Io ann es tēn po-lin ten bag-i-an

Org

*pp*

II

Bar.

*pp*

*mp*

*pp*

*mp*

Ierusalem Kainen eidon! Katabainusan ek tu u- ra- nu a- po tu the- u

Org

*mf*

Bar.

*p* 3 > *pp* *mp* > *pp* >

hē toi mas menen has nym fen Xe Xos me men en tō andri aules

Org

(8) II I *pp*

Bar.

E ♩ = 176

*pp* *mp*

and I John saw the holy ci- ty Je-

Org

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Bar.

*p* *mf* *p* *mp*

ru- sa-lem coming down from God out of heaven from God out of hea ven pre-pared

II: + Cymb (swell closed)

Org

*pp* II

II/Ped

Bar.

as a bride a-dorned for her hus-band the holy ci-ty Je-ru-sa-lem

Org

Bar.

+ Nasat 13/5

Org

Bar.

Org

F  $\text{♩} = 60$

Bar. 4  $\frac{4}{4}$  Kai eKusa fones megales eK tu thronu leguses i— du he skene tu the

Org {  $\frac{8}{4}$   
 $\frac{2}{4}$

$\frac{2}{4}$  Sub 16' Ged 8'

Bar.  $\frac{2}{4}$  -u meta ton an-thropon Kai skenosei met au-ton Kai autoi la- oi au-tu e-son-

I R.FI 8' Sesq 2 $\frac{2}{3}$

Org {  $\frac{8}{4}$   
 $\frac{2}{4}$

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Bar.  $\frac{2}{4}$  tai Kai autos ho The-os met au-ton es- tai

Org {  $\frac{8}{4}$   
 $\frac{2}{4}$

II: Ged 8' FI 4'

Bar.

Org

Bar.

Kai eka sa leipsei pan da kry on ek ton of thalmon au ton Kai ho

Org

Bar.

thanatos uk estai eti u-te penthos u-te krau ge u-te ponos uk estai eti ta prota

Org

Bar. [G] *a peithan*

Org

rit.

(G)  $\text{♩} = 60$

Bar. *mf*

And I heard a great voice

Org

I R.fl. 8'

II Ged 8'

+ Fz. 4'

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Bar. *f*

a great voice out of heaven saying:

Org

+ Fz. 4'

rit.

Bar. *Rubato*<sup>1)</sup> f *gliss*

Be-hold the ta-ber-nac-le of God is with men and he will dwell with

Org

*II Ged 8' Cromorne B*

<sup>1)</sup> cantillation-like (samaritan) with a twang  
<sup>2)</sup> very short grace notes

Bar.

them and they shall be his peo- ple And God him-self shall be with

Org

NB Noter  
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Bar. *gliss*

them and be their God And God shall wipe a-way all

Org

Bar.

tears from their eyes and there shall be no more death

Org

Bar.

neither sorrow nor crying

Org

Bar.

neither shall there be any more pain for the former

Org

Bar.

things are passed      a-      way

Org

Musical score for organ and voice. The score consists of three staves. The top staff is for voice, starting with a forte dynamic. The middle staff is for organ, and the bottom staff is also for organ. The vocal part has lyrics: "things are passed", "a-", and "way". The organ parts show various note patterns and dynamics, including a sustained note in measure 14. Measures 13 and 14 end with fermatas.

I       $\text{♩} = 54$

Bar.

Org

I      *pleno*  
ff

+ Fag 16'

Musical score for organ and bassoon. The score consists of three staves. The top staff is for organ, with dynamics ff and a tempo marking of  $\text{♩} = 54$ . The middle staff is for organ, and the bottom staff is for bassoon. The organ part starts with a forte dynamic. The bassoon part begins in measure 17. A red watermark "N.B. notes" and "This music is copyright protected" is overlaid on the page.

$\text{♩} = 40$

Bar.

Org

Allargando  
+ Trp 8'

Musical score for organ and trumpet. The score consists of three staves. The top staff is for organ, with a dynamic ff and a tempo marking of  $\text{♩} = 40$ . The middle staff is for organ, and the bottom staff is for trumpet. The organ part starts with a forte dynamic. The trumpet part begins in measure 19. The organ part ends with a forte dynamic ff. The score is marked Allargando.

 ♩ = 60

Bar

*mf*

I, ÷ Trp 8'

trg

Musical score for orchestra and piano, page 10, measures 1-8. The score consists of four staves. The top staff is for the piano, marked  $\div \text{Tempo}$  8. It features three voices: I (treble clef), II (middle C-clef), and III (bass clef). The middle two staves are for the orchestra, each with two voices. The bottom staff is for the piano, also with two voices. The music includes various dynamics like *f*, *p*, and *mf*, and time signatures like common time and 2/4.

*Bar.*

*eipen ho kathemenos epi to throno: i du Kai na poi o panta.*

Drq

÷ Okt 2'

÷ Pr 4'

NB  
x

10

10

Bar.

A musical staff with a treble clef. The first measure contains a quarter note with a vertical stem and a vertical bar line. The second measure contains a single vertical bar line with a short vertical tick above it, representing a rest.

Org

÷ Pr 8'

÷ Fl 4'

2

Bar.

*lēthīnoi eisin*

$\div \text{Sesq } 2\frac{2}{3}$

Org

I

K

Bar.

*And he that sat upon the throne said: Be- hold, be- hold I make*

L  $\text{P} = 176$

mf

p

3

p

mf

pp

mf

Org

ff

5

Bar.

*all things new and he said and he said unto me he said unto me to me to me:*

p

mf

pp

mf

pp

II: Ged 8' Cymf (swell closed)

Org

ff

3

II/Ped

Bar. 5

*mf* *mp* *f*

WRITE! for these words are true and faithful, true and faithful, true and faithful

II

Org.

Bar.

+ Nasat 1 3/5

Org

Musical score for Organ, page 1, bar 5. The score consists of two staves. The upper staff is for the organ, indicated by a brace and the label "Org". The lower staff is for the basso continuo, indicated by a brace and the label "Bass". The music is in common time (indicated by "C"). The organ part features a complex melodic line with sixteenth-note patterns and sustained notes. The basso continuo part provides harmonic support with sustained notes and simple rhythmic patterns. The score is on five-line musical staves.

m  $\text{J} = 60$  mf

Bar. - And he said unto me John:

Org { II Ged 8' Gamba 8' Fl 4'      I R. fl 8' Sesq 2 $\frac{2}{3}$

II

I

Org { II Nasat 1 $\frac{3}{5}$       III

+ I / Pid

Bar. -

it is done, it is done

Org { II Nasat 1 $\frac{3}{5}$       III

I

Org { II Nasat 1 $\frac{3}{5}$       III

+ I / Pid

Bar. -

I am Alpha and Omega

Alpha and Omega

the begin

Org { II Nasat 1 $\frac{3}{5}$       III

I

Org { II Nasat 1 $\frac{3}{5}$       III

+ I / Pid

Bar.

*mp* ~ *p* *mf* *f* *mp* ~

ning and the end the end I will give unto him unto him that is

Org

Bar.

*f* *f*

a thirst of the fountain of the water of life

Org

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Bar.

4 times

*η* 1) *(ff)* *f* *mp* *f* 3

ly free — ly free — 2) Kai eipen moi: gegonan!

Rubato

Org

1) 1. volta tacet

2) 4. volta suddenly interrupted. Diminuendo from ff to pp during the 4 times

Bar.

e gó to al fa Kai to ô he ar che Kai to te los

II Ged 8, Fl 4'

Org

mp

f

=

mp

Bar.

e go to dip santi do so ek— tes pe ges tu hyda tos tes

Org

Bar.

zo— es do— re— an 1)

Org

1) with an increasingly breathy tone

yeyovav!

Sofiemyr 14. juni 1987